

Upset Mallory Conviction In Famed N. C. Kidnap Case Monroe, N. C., court officials will have to clean up their own house before they take any further action, if any, against Mrs. Willie Mae Mallory, the accused kidnaper whose conviction on that charge was thrown out recently by the North Carolina Supreme Court. With Richard Crowder, Harold Reape and John Lowry, Mrs. Mallory was convicted last year of abducting by force a white couple, Mr. and Mrs. G. Bruce Stegall, and holding them hostages during brutal, bloody 1961 race riots in Monroe. The state Supreme Court ruled that Negroes were systematically excluded from grand and petit juries in Union County. The reversal, however, may not apply to Robert Williams, the former Monroe NAACP official who was also indicted on a kidnaping count for allegedly being the leader of the group. Since Williams fled the country before his trial, he was never really convicted and, thus, he had no conviction to be reversed. Technically, he is still under indictment. In Cuba, where he sought refuge and lately has been broadcasting anti-American propaganda, Williams hailed the court decision, and insisted he may return to his hometown of Monroe if the state seeks no re-indictments. But first, he said, he will try to contact U.S. officials to determine if he is liable for indictment for possible federal offenses, including traveling to Cuba without State Dept. sanctions. "But if there's no possibility of a re-indictment," asserted Williams. "I most certainly will return home."







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X" Marks Spot: Militant Muslim Malcolm X uses camera to film the Selma, Ala., action. He addressed Negroes who are fighting local voting bias and sternly lectured Selma whites that they should be happy a nonviolent Dr. Martin Luther King Jr., leads the voting drive.

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Wide World

Done Grab: Girl demanding "One Man, One Vote" in Selma, Ala., picket line continues marching nonchalantly though burly cop (r) snatched sign from her. Later that day, she and more than 300 other persons were arrested for protesting the stall of voter-registration procedures.





M. Clark

F. Hampton

Mom Of Panther Sues Cops, State For \$3 Million

A mother who raised 17 children, among them slain Peoria, Ill., Black Panther leader Mark Clark, filed a suit in U.S. District Court in Chicago asking \$3 million in punitive and actual damages from the city of Chicago and Cook County State's Atty. Edward V. Hanrahan. Mrs. Fannie Mae Clark told JET she feels Chicago police used "excessive" force last Dec. 4 when they raided the Chicago apartment of Panther leader both killing Fred Hampton, Hampton and Clark.

Mrs. Clark, a widow, whose eldest daughter died recently of a heart attack, says she does not guarrel with the right of police to use force where the situation justifies it. She explained that she filed the suit because she feels "indiscriminate" force was used in the 4:30 a.m. raid. "I am a Christian woman and I do not seek vengeance for my son," Mrs. Clark explained. She feels it necessary for the sake of her children, however, to "right the wrong" of denying her son his constitutional rights, Mrs. Clark pointed out. Mrs. Clark's attor-

Dismiss Suit To Oust Rep. Louis Stokes

The Ohio Supreme Court in Columbus dismissed a petition that sought to oust Cleveland's Black U.S. congressman on grounds that his district was illegally gerrymandered on the basis of race. The suit was filed against Rep. Louis Stokes, brother of Cleveland Mayor Carl B. Stokes, by Robert Annable, a former Ohio gubernatorial candidate on Alabama Gov. George Wallace's American Independent Party ticket, and three other men. The court ruled that the request for Stokes' ouster, in order to be valid, must be initiated by a government prosecuting attorney or a person claiming Stokes' seat.

Seeks New Jail For Detroit In Detroit, Wayne County Sheriff William Lucas challenged the public of Wayne County to provide funds for the construction of a new county jail. Sheriff Lucas said the cost would be about \$25 million. Meantime, Wayne County jail, designed for about 1,200 prisoners, is overcrowded with 1,600 inmates.

ney, Chicago NAACP counsel Cornelius Toole, said the complaint lodged by Mrs. Clark in behalf of Clark is much the same (based on the 1866 Civil Rights Act) as one filed against the city last spring by the mother of Fred Hampton. Mrs. Francis Hampton asked the court for \$500,000 in compensatory damages.

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Words of the Week

Maya Angelou, authoress of I Know Why The Caged Bird Sings, on success: "I am immodest because I know I am good. You see, I believe that there are two kinds of people in the world, winners and losers. I do believe you can join the winning. It's a state of mind. I simply do not indulge in the concept of defeat. I have no education at all, and I've taught at UCLA and the University of Ghana, speak seven languages and I have been a journalist. Do you see what I mean?"

Drs. Alvin F. Poussaint of Harvard University and James Comer of Yale University, both psychiatrists, on Black pride: "It is possible that drilling Black pride into a child's head in a stereotyped and isolated manner may actually have the reverse effect. Those who teach by rote the slogans of Black dignity—'I am Afro-American,' 'Black is Beautiful'—may be too extreme in their approach.... Our job is to help our children develop that delicate balance between appropriate control and appropriate display of anger and aggression, love and hate."

Mrs. Betty Shabazz, widow of Malcolm X, on remarriage: "I have to be careful because I used to say 'no' so violently a few years ago that people thought I'd had such a bad marriage I never wanted another one. I can't even think about marriage because to marry would be admitting that Malcolm is really dead, and although I know he's gone, I don't want the break to be so final."

Eldridge Cleaver, exiled fugitive and minister of information of the Black Panther Party, on people who take drugs: "The people who are walking around seeking liberation through drugs are hallucinatory revolutionaries. I don't think they are helping us. I want people to stop being spectators to the destruction of their fellow comrades."

Glenn Fincher, a white student at mostly-Black Langston (Okla.) University, to whites who quizzed him, "You're not going to that nigger school?": "I said it might be better than going with a bunch of prejudiced honkies."



A. Poussaint





B. Shabazz

Carmichael Urges U. S. Blacks To Adopt PanAfricanist Outlook

"The Black man should no longer be thinking of transforming American society," said Stokely Carmichael in his Conakry, Guinea, residence. "We should be concerned with Mother Africa." he continued. Carmichael based his assertion on a characterization of America as "an octopus with tentacles all over the world." He added, "If the tentacles that grip Vietnam, South America and Africa are cut it will be so much easier for the Black people in America to rise up and cut off the head." Carmichael lives in Conakry with his wife, singer Miriam Makeba, in a villa overlooking the sea. It is about 300 yards from the closely guarded house of Dr. Kwame Nkrumah. deposed president of Ghana who was granted political asylum by Guinea President Sekou Touré. He maintains that the shock

tactics that brought him so much publicity when he was the leader of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) were necessary at the time but that they have outlived their usefulness. Today, he said in an interview, a much more sober, long-term strategy is called for, requiring a quiet. diplomatic approach, which he concedes he often finds difficult. Carmichael believes it would be impossible to organize a Black power struggle from within the United States now. "To develop a revolutionary movement" he said. "you need to develop a base, hold it and move out. You can't do that

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in the States today. Africa is by no means free but it has some measure of freedom in some parts, as in Guinea, and here you can build a base." He criticized the Black Panther Party for using rhetoric that forces them into positions they cannot defend, and the result, Carmichael said, will be the elimination of their leaders. "The Panthers are practically finished," he added.

Carmichael believes that the "ultimate task is to create a milieu of thinking in Africa that will allow the Black person living in America to realize his place is in Africa. Similarly, we must create a milieu of thinking in Africa so that the African would want to have his brother in America return to Mother Africa." He conceded that those are long-term goals, and advised the Black man in America to get on with organizing Black power in his own community-cooperatives, school boards, control of the judiciary in Black areas and the like. He sees the ultimate solution to Africa's problems in the philosophy of PanAfricanism. "PanAfricanism," he explained, "is the highest political expression of Black power . . ."





S. Carmichael

Sekou Touré

